

THE TRIBUNE'S FOREIGN NEWS

PEACE DELEGATES TELL
THEIR VARIOUS VIEWS

Turkish and Balkan Plenipotentiaries Outline Terms To Be Proposed.

SENTIMENT OPTIMISTIC

"Albania Must Not Become the Schleswig-Holstein but the Belgium of the Balkans."

London, Dec. 14.—On the eve of the peace conference The Associated Press has gathered from the representatives of the Balkan kingdoms and the foremost Turkish delegates an authoritative declaration of the terms which the victorious kingdoms propose to enforce and the Ottoman views thereon. Like experienced diplomatists, all the Balkan delegates, in speaking officially, adhere to the watchword adopted in the first and probably the last, plenary meeting before entering the conference, that they are "in complete accord and have established a perfectly united programme to follow."

When they speak with friends, not for quotation, their faces light up with their enthusiasm and their faith is admirable.

"Tell the Americans," they say, "that we trust in their sympathy and moral support, as we are fighting desperately and shedding our best blood for the same cause which rendered the name of Washington glorious and venerated. We are risking all we possess for our liberty and independence."

United States Men in Balkan Army.

"Tell them," added in perfect English M. Vesslich, the Serbian Minister in Paris, "that some of the sons of the Balkans who became American citizens are in the ranks at the front giving proofs of valor and bravery of which Uncle Sam should be as proud as we are."

The determination of the Balkan States not to permit an Ottoman policy of procrastination is significant on account of the form which it has manifested. "The Turks are much mistaken," said one of the chief delegates, "if they entertain such an idea. Peace will practically be concluded between Christmas and New Year's Day around the diplomatic table in St. James's Palace, or we will impose it in Constantinople at Easter, under the range of our cannon and at the point of our bayonets. But then conditions will be very different. Now we are satisfied with the minimum demands; then we will exact the maximum."

The main conditions of the allies include the immediate surrender of Scutari, Adrianople and Yanina, the garrisons of which to be granted full military honors; the evacuation of Eastern Europe by Turkey as far as East Thessalonica to a line which experts appointed by the contracting parties will delimit on the spot; the cessation of Greece of all the Aegean Islands, including Rhodes and eleven others which Italy is keeping as a pledge for Turkish fulfillment of the Treaty of Lausanne; the annexation of Crete to Greece, and the payment of a war indemnity and the expenses sustained on account of the Ottoman prisoners.

What the Allies Will Grant.

In return the allies will grant (a) complete amnesty to the Mussulman population in the territories they annex, for any acts of hostility during the war; (b) the return of all prisoners; (c) the recognition of the spiritual sovereignty of the Sultan over Ottoman becoming subjects of the Balkan States; and (d) the free administration by the Mussulmans of their Pious funds in the Balkans.

The Serbian ex-Premier, Stojan Novakovich, head of the Serbian plenipotentiaries, informed the Associated Press to-day that he was satisfied an agreement would be reached on the question of an Adriatic port, on which Serbia and Austria are almost at swords' points.

Rechad Pachá, the most distinguished Ottoman delegate, who has resided so long abroad that he is a type of the intelligent cosmopolitan, expressed the hope that the assistance of the powers on the one side and moderation on the part of the allies on the other would result in a solution which is not satisfactory to Turkey would safeguard her dignity. He opined that the apparent harmony of the allies will last only while the common enemy is before them, but that the moment they are left to themselves they will be plunged into anarchy over the division of the spoils, rendering intervention by the powers inevitable.

He said he would have to raise the question at the first meeting of the failure of Greece to join the armistice.

An Impossible Situation.

"Is it possible," he asked, "to treat for peace while war is in progress? Some understanding would be reached which might be annulled by the progress of the military operations. What

AMERICANS IN LONDON SOCIETY

Lady Mond Entertains Party at Covent Garden Ball—
Ralph L. Shainwald, Jr., Marries Miss Ilse Claire Bauer—Otto Kahn to Return Hither Shortly.

[By Cable to The Tribune.]

London, Dec. 14.—The Arabian Nights ball arranged by the Foreign Press Society of London in aid of the Red Cross and Red Crescent work in the Balkans, though a success in point of attendance, was not patronized to any great extent by society, as had been anticipated. Lady Mond, however, entertained two large parties in circle boxes, and others present were Commander Symington, the new naval attaché at the American Embassy; the Earl of Carnarvon, the Earl and Countess of Clancarty, Mr. and Mrs. George Pinckard, Lady Alington and Viscount Churchill.

The Duke and Duchess of Roxburgh have returned to Floors Castle, Kelso, after a visit to the Dowager Duchess of Roxburgh at Boxmoor Park, East Lothian. The Roxburghs will, as usual, entertain a large party at Floors for Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Kahn, who have been for some months at St. Dunstan's Lodge, Regent's Park, have gone to Paris for six weeks. Mr. Kahn is returning to New York about the middle of February, but Mrs. Kahn and the children will remain in London.

Mr. and Mrs. Malvina Drummond this week entertained a shooting party at Cadland, near Southampton. Among their guests were the Princess of Fless, Sir Sigismund and Lady Neumann, Mrs. Charles Tennant, Sir Arthur and Lady Bailey, Marshall Field, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Cyril Potter, Sloane Stanley and Lady Muriel Worthington.

Wedding in London.

Ralph L. Shainwald, Jr., only son of Mr. and Mrs. Ralph L. Shainwald, of New York, and Miss Ilse Claire Bauer, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Eric Bauer, of Hamburg, were married here this week. A reception after the wedding was held at the Ritz and was attended by a number of society people, including Lord Blyth, the Duke and Duchess de Losada, Baron Takaki, the Japanese Ambassador; Sir John and Lady Muir Mackenzie, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Hornsby Lewis, Lady Jephson, Major General Sir Alfred Turner, Lieutenant Colonel D. M. Lumsden, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Marshall, Sir Henry and Lady Seton-Karr, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Houston, Mr. and Mrs. Prentiss Newman, Mrs. Morton Spicer, Sir Anthony and Lady Weldon, H. E. Sharman Crawford, Colonel and Mrs. Claude Rome and Irwin Laughlin, first secretary of the American Embassy. The young couple are now en route for New York.

Willing Spencer, second secretary of the American Embassy in Berlin, who has been hunting at Melton Mowbray for a few days, left London yesterday for Berlin.

A movement is on foot to present C. J. Petherick, deputy United States dispatch agent in London, with a silver token and a cash testimonial as a mark of his completion of forty-five years of service. His friends in the United States navy and marine corps are responsible for the appeal for subscriptions. Captain A. P. Niblack, naval attaché at the American Embassy in Berlin, is acting as secretary of the fund.

Hostess for Theatricals.

Lady Naylor-Leyland (Jennie Chamberlain) and her son, Sir Edward Naylor-Leyland, are next month to entertain a party of friends at Nantclwyd, near Ruthin, when some amateur theatricals will be given.

would be the use of a discussion about Yanina if while the discussion is going on it would be forced to capitulate? Or about Salonica, if it were recaptured by the Turks.

"The conditions put forward by the Greeks as the price of their adherence to the armistice were absurd, as, among other things, they asked for the surrender of Yanina and the continuation of the blockade. If the other states followed the same idea we would have been asked to surrender Adrianople and Scutari also, and admitting that we were such idiots as to accept terms of this kind, there would be no need of a meeting here to discuss the conditions of peace, nor would it be possible for us to continue the war.

"If they make it impossible for us to conclude an honorable peace they will soon find that the old Mussulman lion, although wounded, has not lost all its strength."

The Greek delegation, interrogated on the question of the armistice, answered that peace between Italy and Turkey went through several months of negotiations and was finally concluded without any previous armistice.

Italian Analogy False.

To this Rechad Pachá retorts that the situation with respect to Italy was quite different, because the negotiations were unofficial, and the continuation of the war could never affect the positions of the two belligerents, as it may in the case of Turkey and Greece. In diplomatic circles it is believed that after some skirmishing on this question a middle course may be found, on the lines that Greece, although not adhering to the armistice, will promise to suspend war operations during the conference, and that Turkey shall do the same.

Sir Edward Grey will deliver an address of welcome to the delegates to the peace conference at its first meeting, which has been arranged to take place at noon on Monday.

The general sentiment with respect to the conference of ambassadors tonight is optimistic. The chances of an agreement on autonomy for Albania under the protection of the powers are regarded as favorable, the expression used being "Albania must not become the Schleswig-Holstein of the Balkans, but the Belgium of the Balkans."

atricals will be given. The play selected is "Tantalizing Tommy." Among those who will take part are Sir Edward Naylor-Leyland, Lady Kathleen Hastings, Lady Norah Hastings and Mrs. Alexander Alston.

The Duchess of Marlborough, in opening a hotel for women at Birmingham a few days ago said that the problem of providing cheap, decent lodgings for women workers was one of the most pressing difficulties of all large cities and should be taken up by municipalities.

Lord and Lady Craven have had a large shooting party this week at Combe Abbey.

Mrs. Caroline Clark Holland, well known in America for her illustrations of her own books for children, has just opened an interesting exhibition in the rooms of the Society of American Women in London. This consists of thirty-one paintings, most of which were done on Hampstead Heath or Golden's Green.

Preparations are in full swing at the Society of American Women in London for a big Christmas party, to be held in the Criterion Restaurant on December 19. It will be called the "toy tea," and will be held under the auspices of the philanthropic committee, of which Mrs. George Fox is chairman. Fancy dress will be the rule for all the children taking part in the entertainment, and each will bring at least one toy, which will first be placed on the immense Christmas tree, which will afterward be presented to one of the children's homes of London.

A British "Pied à Terre."

Mrs. S. Barton French, who has recently returned from New York, has just leased No. 2 Metcorm street, Belgrave Square. This house is simply intended to be her "pied à terre" in London; she has no present intention of giving up her residence in Paris, and returns there this week end.

George Gordon Moore, of New York, who is making a prolonged stay in London, is doing considerable entertaining.

Mrs. Anthony Drexel has taken a house in Portland Place and intends taking up her residence there early in the new year.

A 400-ton twin-screw motor yacht is to be built for Paris Singer by Camper & Nicholson, of Gosport and Southampton. She will have Diesel engines and will be of the shade-decked type, straight stem, with top-gallant forecastle. Her machinery will develop a mean speed of 14 knots at 200 revolutions. Charles Nicholson personally has designed the hull. The motors, which are to be constructed at Stockholm, will be of the four-cylinder Polar-Diesel type, of 350-horsepower each. Two sets of auxiliary plant, also of the Polar type, will be installed for driving an air compressor and a dynamo, the latter for supplying electric power for lighting, for the steering gear and also for an electric warping and two fore and aft electric warping capstans. The latest system of ventilation and heating will be installed; pure air will be drawn from an inlet on deck, the circulation being maintained by a revolving fan in the engine room. The cruising radius of the yacht, which is to be built up to Lloyd's highest class, will be nearly five times that of any steam yacht of equal tonnage.

Her dimensions are as follows: Over all, 108 feet; length between perpendiculars, 139 feet; beam, 24 feet 6 inches, and draft about 9 feet 6 inches.

There are also marbles and bronzes by Carlier, Damp, Frederick MacMonnies, Herbert Haseltine, Levasseur, Robales, Stephan Sinding, Janet Scudder and a fine collection of medallion portraits in bronze of President Taft, George Meredith, J. F. Watts, Graham Bell and Mrs. Elizabeth Robinson.

RAILWAY STRIKE SETTLED

English Tie-up Affected Nearly 50,000 Workmen.

Newcastle, England, Dec. 14.—The North Eastern Railway strike was settled this evening. It had affected eight thousand locomotive engineers and about forty thousand other workers and had caused the greatest inconvenience since December 7.

Its cause was the reduction in rank of an engineer for intoxication while on duty.

The terms of the settlement provided that the company should reinstate Engineer Knox if the inquiry instituted by the Home Office proved that he was not intoxicated, as charged, and it was announced to-night that the magistrate who reviewed the case had found that Knox was not intoxicated and that the Home Secretary has advised the King to grant a pardon, the man having previously been convicted.

The strikers will resume work as soon as the company can make the necessary arrangements. They promise to work amicably with the men who refused to strike. The strikers will be fined six days' pay and have engaged not to strike in the future except after legal notification to the company.

GERMAN ARMY GROWING

Semi-Official Intimation of Further Strengthening.

Berlin, Dec. 14.—The "Norddeutsche Allgemeine Zeitung" intimates semi-officially that a further strengthening of the German army is now inevitable, in view of the international situation.

Constantinople, Dec. 14.—The reports of Turkish victories near Yanina, resulting in the destruction of a Greek mountain battery, are officially confirmed.

J. BRUCE ISMAY COY

Can Give No Information as to His Intentions.

London, Dec. 14.—The withdrawal of J. Bruce Ismay from the management of the White Star Steamship Company has long been regarded here as merely a question of an opportune moment. In reply to a query as to his intentions, Mr. Ismay sent the following message this evening from Liverpool: "I cannot give any information at present in regard to the published statement of my intention to withdraw from the White Star Line."

BOURGEOIS WITHDRAWS NAME.

Paris, Dec. 14.—Leon Bourgeois, a former Premier and the Minister of Labor in the present French Cabinet, has told his friends definitely that the state of his health forbids him entertaining any idea of standing as a candidate for the Presidency of France at the coming election of a successor to President Fallières.

AMERICAN ART SHOW

Women and Girls' Student Club Holds Exhibition in Paris.

THE BEST OF THE SEASON

Drawings and Sculptures Are Also on View—Parisian Critics Give Approval.

[By Cable to The Tribune.]

Paris, Dec. 14.—The finest loan exhibition of paintings, drawings and sculpture of the present season is that now open at the American Women and Girls' Art Student Club in the Rue Chevreuse, organized by the Advisory Board of American Women, including Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, president; Mrs. Myron T. Herrick, vice-president, and Mrs. Robert Bliss, Mrs. Stanford White, Mrs. Edward Tuck, Mrs. Charles Lawrence, Mrs. George Munroe, Mrs. Henry Ridgway, Mrs. Hamilton Russell, Mrs. Fitzhugh Whitehouse and Mrs. Walter Gay.

The exhibition comprises two hundred numbers. Eight works have been lent by the Luxembourg Museum. Americans are represented by three admirable portraits by John Sargent, two of which, one of the late Mrs. Edward Bolt and one of Sargent's friend, Jacques Blanche, have never before been exhibited. Three water colors by Whistler are in that master's best style. Other American paintings keenly appreciated by Parisian critics are by Walter Gay, Frederick Frieseke, Edward Bolt, Alexander Harrison, Richard Miller, Florence Esté, Wilfred Glehn, Elizabeth Nourse and Russell Greeley.

There are admirable paintings by Corot, Benjamin Constant, Bastien Le Page, Charles Cazin, Theodor Rousseau, Jean Francois Millet, Carolus-Duran, Boutet de Monvel, Léon Bonnat, Albert Besnard, Gaston Latouche, Jean Paul Laurens, Aimé Morot, Henri Royer, Aman Jean, Lucien Simon, Charles Cottet, Marcel Baschet, Raphael Collin, Jacques Blanche, Dagnan Bouveret, Paul Chabas, Sorolla, y Basilda Raffaelli, René Menard, Luigi Lodi and Adolphe Dechaud. One of the most admired drawings is the portrait of Mrs. George Howland, by Henri Royer.

The sculpture section is dominated by a superb and realistic marble group by Rodin, representing Venus reclining and weeping over the dead body of Adonis and clutching the corpse in a nervous grasp of her hands, thus striving to bring the corpse back to life.

Other excellent works of sculpture are by Paul Bartlett, who exhibits a miniature statue of Benjamin Franklin, by Aimé Morot, whose equestrian Indian rajah hawking is a stirring piece in bronze.

There are also marbles and bronzes by Carlier, Damp, Frederick MacMonnies, Herbert Haseltine, Levasseur, Robales, Stephan Sinding, Janet Scudder and a fine collection of medallion portraits in bronze of President Taft, George Meredith, J. F. Watts, Graham Bell and Mrs. Elizabeth Robinson.

This exhibition is a great success for the American Art Students' Club, and the works have been well selected and arranged by George Howland, of the art committee.

SINGER DEFENDS HERSELF

Frieda Hempel Tells How Leopold Honored Her.

[By Cable to The Tribune.]
Berlin, Dec. 14.—Frieda Hempel, hitherto prima donna of the Berlin Royal Opera, but now engaged for the Metropolitan Opera Company of New York, defended herself energetically before a Berlin law court this week against the charge that she received the Leopold Order after taking part in an affair at Ostend with the late King of the Belgians. The charge, which appeared originally in the memoirs of a valet of King Leopold, was reproduced in a Berlin newspaper, which the singer sued for damages.

Being on her way to America, Miss Hempel had an early hearing. She declared on oath that she was invited by the King's chamberlain to sing in a concert, and that immediately afterward the King bestowed the decoration upon her. When she returned home the allegation was made that she had danced before the King at a private supper party.

She scoffed at the idea that she had sought Baroness Vaughan's intervention with King Leopold to obtain the decoration. She said she agreed to sing at the concert the same as if it had been an ordinary professional engagement, and went home as soon as the concert was over.

Miss Hempel admitted that the Royal Opera management in Berlin had suggested that she must take legal steps to refute slanders on her reputation. The court proceedings were adjourned indefinitely to permit the defence to produce testimony from Baroness Vaughan, King Leopold's valet, and other singers besides Miss Hempel who were present on the evening in question.

THINKS AMERICANS UNIQUE

Margaret MacGilligan Says They Want the Best for All.

[By Cable to The Tribune.]
London, Dec. 14.—Americans are "uniquely democratic," in the opinion of Margaret MacGilligan, an English writer, who has returned from what she calls a delightful trip to the United States.

"Americans," she says, "want the best of everything not only for themselves but for everybody else. Trusts, graft, coarse luxury, haste to get rich—these and other evils our kinsmen have, yet the spirit of the people is ever haunted by Lincoln's Gettysburg speech."

"Nobody in the United States says that 'education is carried too far,' or that we want sensible workmen not too well educated. Such treachery to democracy one can hear in England, and even in Canada, but seldom, indeed, in the big republic, where 90,000,000 people are being prepared to understand their own problems and to govern themselves."

ON THE LUSITANIA

Well Known Persons Sail to Spend Christmas Here.

[By Cable to The Tribune.]
London, Dec. 14.—The Lusitania, carrying almost three hundred passengers, left Liverpool to-day for New York. Euston Station presented an unusually animated scene, a large number of the American colony in London being there, speeding their parting friends and sending Christmas greetings to friends home.

Harry Lauder and his wife joined the boat at Liverpool, going there from Dunoon, where during the week there has been high revelry in celebration of his son's coming of age. Lauder is regarded as the squire of Dunoon, and the Scottish newspapers faithfully recorded that "the tenantry of his estate was royally entertained by the squire, who made a presentation to his son."

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Sir Ernest Shackleton is also aboard the Lusitania. He is going to New York on business, and will also deliver lectures there and in Philadelphia, on Antarctic exploration and his quest of the South Pole.

Other westward bound travellers are Sir Charles and Lady Ross, who will spend Christmas in New York before going to Canada; Sir Wilfred Peel, who is going to St. Louis, and Wallace Eddinger and his wife. Mr. Eddinger has been playing in "Officer 666," but is returning to fulfill a contract in New York.

Jay Malone, who is associated with George Edwards here, is going to New York to produce "The Sunshine Girl" for Charles Frohman.

A. G. Glasgow, former president of the American Society of London, with his wife and daughter, is going to spend Christmas in New York.

Bliss Knapp, the Christian Scientist, who has been on a world lecturing tour; Albert Halstead, American Consul in Birmingham; Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Anthony, R. B. Bennett, M. P.; J. C. Biddle, Selby Bigge, Mr. and Mrs. Cardeza, Martin Littleton, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Munn, with their daughter; Mrs. E. Norrie, Frederick G. Potter, John Roche, Countess Urachwitz, and Barton Willing are other well known people who will arrive in New York next week by the Lusitania.

SAILS TO RELIEVE SCOTT

Christchurch, New Zealand, Dec. 14.—The Antarctic steamer Terra Nova sailed from here to-day to the relief of Captain Robert F. Scott's Antarctic expedition.

The Terra Nova will proceed to McMurdo Sound and it is expected she will arrive at Captain Scott's base at Cape Evans in the middle of January.

KATSURA TO FORM MINISTRY

Tokio, Dec. 14.—Prince Taro Katsura will, it is confidently believed, undertake the task of forming a new Japanese Cabinet to take the place of the Marquis Satonji's ministry, which recently resigned. An official announcement of the names of the new ministers is expected to be made on Monday or Tuesday next.

ALL AUTOS IN FRANCE

TO BE DECLARED DEC. 31

Motor Cars Not Wanted in the Allee des Acacias, Paris' Most Famous Drive.

CUBISTS TO LOWER REGION

Postal Authorities Forbid Use of "General Delivery" to Girls Under 18 and Youths Under 16.

[By Cable to The Tribune.]
Paris, Dec. 14.—It will be interesting to Americans passing through Paris this month on their way to the French or Italian Riviera to learn that owners of all types of automobiles and motor cycles in France are required to attend at the local Mairie before December 31 in order to make a declaration regarding their vehicles. The declaration comprises:

First—Name, profession and domicile of owner.
Second—Number, type and principal characteristics of the vehicles, classified in the following two categories: Heavy commercial automobiles (autobuses, vans and lorries), touring and ambulance automobiles and motorcycles.
Third—Name of usual driver, if subject to military service.

The lists of the automobile census will be closed on December 31, but those who acquire or sell any automobile or motor cycle on or after January 1, 1913, must immediately make a declaration at the Mairie, and obtain a certificate that the declaration has been duly made.

In Favor of the Horse.
Lovers of the horse in Paris are not going to surrender to the all-conquering automobile without a struggle. If the Société du Bois de Boulogne has its way, the famous Allée des Acacias will be closed to motor cars for two hours in the morning—the time of the fashionable parade—and left to horse-drawn carriages. The idea is to encourage the use of horses in the Rotten Row of Paris, and to penalize in some sort the mechanically driven vehicle, whose domination is oppressive to "the noble friend of man."

The Municipal Council is considering the matter. Three of its representatives are to meet the society this week-end at the Restaurant Armonville.

The president of the société is the Comte de Beauchamp, who wants also the regulations concerning riding to be altered with a view to bringing the horse again into favor with professional and fashionable Parisian society.

"G. D." Barred to Girls.
Girls under eighteen and youths under sixteen are forbidden to use the poste restante (the equivalent of the American "General Delivery") in Paris for letters marked only with figures or initials. This new regulation came into force this week. A postal official, explaining how the age of an applicant for the forbidden letters would be decided, said: "We shall use psychology. Are we not as well able to decide as the railway officials who determine the age of children 'under seven' and 'under fourteen'?"

If rumor is correct, Paris is to have a chastened autumn Salon next year. Notwithstanding the protests of certain distinguished critics, M. Berard, Minister of Fine Arts, has decided, and no doubt rightly, to lend the Grand Palais to Young Art. But the Cubists are not to have it all their own way. They are to be caged below stairs, instead of being allowed to roam about the best rooms. This compromise pleases the majority in the Salon, which is not favorable to eccentricities. After all, an ox with a pentagonal head is not everybody's vision; though, if sincere, it has a right to exhibition perhaps. The principal business of the president (Frantz Jourdain) is to check the foreign influences, which are overwhelming. Out of a committee of thirty at the last Salon twenty-six were foreigners.

The electric underground railway has practically given the last touch to the metamorphosis of Montmartre, and of the many changes that the Latin Quarter has experienced perhaps the most disagreeable is the 10 per cent increase in rent which landlords have made on the pretext of the convenience added to the quarter by the underground trains. The electric mole has bored its way under the Mount of Martyrs, and there is a station close to the Sacré Coeur and to the edge of the hill whence spreads the panorama of Paris.

The metamorphosis of Montmartre is symbolized by the blocks of flats that have arisen—sumptuous flats, flats with electric light and central heating. Bohemia cannot be expected to continue to exist where there is an incandescent lamp that is turned on with a switch. The shadows are necessary, the high and low relief. And again, the cabarets are changing with the departure of the atmosphere. As to the chief places of resort they are now merely commercial speculations, though still a little gay and amusing.

"WRIT LIKE THE DICKENS"

Siamese Paper Gets in Amusing Tangle with English.

London, Dec. 7.—English as she is spoken here is a scintillating sample quitted from a Siamese paper, which in advertising itself gave vent to the following: "The news of English we tell the latest. Writ in perfectly style and most earliest. Do a murder get commit, we hear and tell of it. Do a mighty chief die, we publish it and in borders of sombre. Staff has each one been college, and writ like the Kipling and the Dickens. We circulate every town and extortionate not for advertisements. Buy it. By it."

Choice Oriental Rugs, rich in coloring and exquisite in design, make Christmas Presents of enduring charm. Many such are shown here, from \$10 up.

Candlesticks and Bronze Novelties, from \$2 up

A Gift from the Tiffany Studios is always welcome.

TIFFANY STUDIOS

MADISON AVE CORNER 45th STREET

PRACTICAL CHRISTMAS GIFTS

OF PERMANENT VALUE AT TIFFANY STUDIOS

In this interesting establishment is displayed a wonderful collection of appropriate Gifts—useful articles, unique in design and of the finest materials and workmanship.

The unusually wide range of prices provides for every demand of the Yuletide Season.

For example, there are the beautiful

TIFFANY LAMPS

